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CAMELLIA, Kellingtonia

FALL 1950 • SPRING 1951

Wholesale Only

# SEMMES NURSERIES

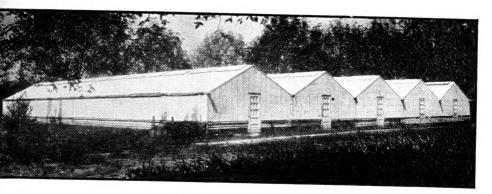
TELEPHONE: MOBILE, ALA., 6-9054

SEMMES . ALABAMA

America's Azalea-Camellia Center

STATE HIGHWAY 42, NEAR MOBILE





Propagating Houses

## WHOLESALE PRICE-LIST FALL, 1950 • SPRING, 1951

## SEMMES NURSERIES

SEMMES, ALA.

(15 miles northwest of Mobile, Ala., State Highway 42) Long Distance Telephone, Mobile, Ala.: 6-9054

#### TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF SALE

Prices. 5 and 50 of same variety and size at 10 and 100 rates, respectively.

On Carload or Truckload Orders, where no crating of plants is necessary, we offer a 20 per cent "Cash & Carry" discount from catalog prices on all Azaleas except liners, on all varieties of Camellias and on general ornamentals Balled & Burlapped.

Specimen Stock selected or marked by our customers in the nursery will be charged for according to its value, and higher than listed prices.

Terms of Payment. Cash with order, from unknown customers or those who prefer to earn discount. When cash is sent with order, we offer discount of 2 per cent and boxing is free, which means a total saving of about 10 per cent. If remittance is by Post Office Money Order, it should be made payable to us at Mobile, Ala.

C. O. D. shipment will be considered as a cash order only when deposit of 25 per cent is sent with order.

For charge accounts, our terms are 60 days net, boxing at cost. New accounts opened only upon receipt of trade

at cost. New accounts opened only upon receipt of trade references, allowing time for investigation.

Transportation. Please state whether you want your shipments by Parcel Post, Express, or Freight. If no instructions are given, we will use our best judgment in selecting best method of shipment. We make no charge for delivery to railroad station, but our responsibility ceases when goods are turned over to carrier, and risk and cost of transportation belong to purchaser.

Claim. All claims must be made immediately on receipt of stock. We shall be glad to rectify any mistake made by us, but in no case will our liability be more than the purchase price.

Condition of Sale. We accept all orders on condition that they shall be void should injury beyond our control be-fall the stock, and subject to all Government regulations affecting labor, materials, and transportation.

> Prices in this list cancel all previous quotations and are subject to change without notice



Camellia House showing 6 to 8-in. and 8 to 10-in. plants

## CAMELLIA JAPONICA

It is common knowledge that there is some confusion in the horticultural names of *Camellia japonica*, but we have carefully checked the blooms and general characteristics of the varieties in our large collection in an effort to eliminate any duplications. We believe that others in the trade will generally recognize the varieties we offer in this catalog by the names under which they are listed.

Camellias are not difficult to grow. Many fine old specimen plants are to be found scattered throughout the Lower South, where they have been growing for years with but little care, and thriving on practically all types of land characteristic of the region. However, they prefer and do best on a good, well-drained soil that has a slight acid reaction. Good garden soil is suitable, but it can be made better by adding leaf-mold and peat moss. In heavy, stiff soils a small quantity of sand is also beneficial.

In most soils, especially on clay lands, cottonseed meal alone, or a mixture composed of  $\frac{2}{3}$  cottonseed meal and  $\frac{1}{3}$  acid phosphate, is an excellent fertilizer. Other good fertilizing materials, which are likewise acid in their reaction, are well-rotted cow-manure, tankage, castor pomace, sulphate of ammonia and muriate of potash. If these materials are not available, we suggest a mixture of  $\frac{1}{2}$  good garden soil,  $\frac{1}{4}$  well-rotted cow-manure,  $\frac{1}{4}$  peat or leaf-mold, well mixed.

The Camellia is less subject to disease and insect enemies than most other evergreen shrubs, but sometimes the foliage is attacked by scales. When this occurs, they should be sprayed with a miscible oil preparation and care taken to wet the underside of the leaves thoroughly as well as the top. Volck



2 to 2½-ft. and 3 to 4-ft. Specimen Camellias, B&B Our specimen Camellias are grown in full sun and are well branched and compact.

used at the rate of 1 part to 50 parts of water is effective.

The Camellia is the handsomest of all the broad-leaved evergreen blooming plants for southern gardens. It is long-lived and its beauty and monetary value increases rapidly as the plants grow older. The many new and fine varieties of recent introduction have added enormously to its popularity, and its use as a high-class cut-flower has opened up a much broader field for its distribution.

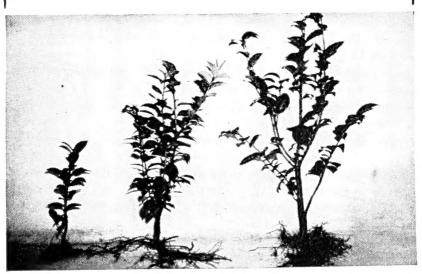
On the following pages we are listing a complete range of sizes, from very small plants suitable for growing on under lath or in greenhouses, to finished, well-rounded specimens for immediate landscape effects.

Camellias in SMALL and MEDIUM sizes can be handled safely and satisfactorily BARE-ROOTED like other broad-leaved evergreens. We have been moving them bare-root for years, to our own lath-houses and fields and to many of our customers in distant states with most gratifying results. Substantial savings are effected not only in the cost of the plants themselves but in transportation, labor, and packing materials as well. We recommend this method for the sizes indicated in the bare-root column but specimen plants should be dug B&B.

6 to 8 in.

12 to 18 in.

18 to 24 in.





Specimen Camellias in Field

#### CLASS A CAMELLIAS

The varieties offered in this class have been selected because of unusual merit and proved reliability under practically all conditions where Camellias are grown. Generally recognized by authorities as being the most outstanding and satisfactory of all the standard sorts.

**ALBA PLENA.** Snow-white, very double, good-sized flowers. Very early but a poor grower, and does not set buds when young.

BRILLIANT. Local name. An excellent variety. Large, very double, bright red. Compact grower with dark green foliage.

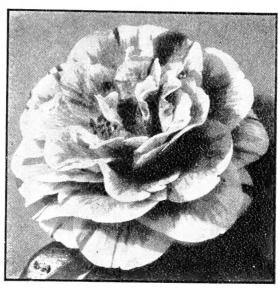


Chandleri elegans. Peony form

CHANDLERI ELEGANS. One of the largest peonyflowering Camellias. Cherry-red, with white variegations. Some are thick peony flowers with 500 petals, while others are loose peony form with yellow stamens.

CHEERFUL. Double, medium size, rose type. Deep pink. Blooms very early. Upright grower.

- **EMPRESS OF INDIA.** Dahlia-shaped flowers of an unusually pleasing salmon color which is not often found in Camellias. Very late.
- GOVERNOR MOUTON. Flowers of medium size and blood-red color, often blotched with white. A vigorous grower, rather spreading in habit, with twiggy branches.



Herme

- **HERME.** Very large, loose peony-form blooms of elegant shape. Pink and red variegated with white margin.
- **KUMASAKA.** The flowers are large peony form, deep pink in color. An excellent grower and very free blooming. Late.
- LADY VAN SITTART. Large, semi-double, attractive deep pink flowers. Leaves long, narrow-pointed and slightly crinkled. Upright grower and free bloomer.
- MONARCH. The deep pink flowers are of enormous size, having many clusters of stamens and petals inside of larger outer petals, making a single flower equal to a bouquet. Beautiful foliage and compact grower.
- **OTOME.** Similar to Pink Perfection but much larger flowers, with each end of petals fading to lighter shade of shell-pink.
- PINK PERFECTION. Very double, clear shell-pink flowers of dainty form, liked by many. The plants start blooming when very young, coming early in the season and continuing in profusion for a long time.





Prince Eugene Napolean (Pope Pius IX)

PRINCE EUGENE NAPOLEON (Pope Pius IX). Very double, scarlet flowers of good size from early to midseason. Good, compact grower.

PROF. C. S. SARGENT. Very thick, peony-form, solid crimson blooms of medium size.



RAINY SUN. Twisted, rather narrow leaves. Flowers large, semi-double and deep crimson in color.

WATERLOO (Ethrington White). Large, semi-double, pure white flowers of tissue-paper-like texture and very attractive. A profuse bloomer, even when quite young.

attractive. A profuse bloomer, e	even when quite young.
Priced Per 100	Prices of Class A Camellias Bare-Root B&B
6 to 8 in	
8 to 12 in	
18 to 24 in., branched, but withou	
2 to 3 ft., branched, but withou	
Priced Each	
18 to 24 in., specimen	
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft., specimen	4 50
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft., specimen	6 00
3 to 4 ft., specimen	
4 to 5 ft., specimen	

## CLASS B CAMELLIAS

This class includes some of the best kinds, often as good as our A Class, but because of a little more plentiful supply, we are listing these excellent varieties at much lower prices.

BROOKLYANA. A bushy grower with large, light-colored leaves. Flowers of medium size, very double, pink mottled with white.

BROWN'S RED. Probably the darkest red Camellia of semi-double form. Pointed dark green leaves.

CANDIDISSIMA. Star-shaped, very double, pure white flowers, not large, but a very profuse bloomer. Slow, compact grower. Season late.

COUNTESS OF ORKNEY. Very double, light pink

COUNTESS OF ORKNEY. Very double, light pink flowers with red stripes, rather early in the season. Compact, but slow grower. Profuse bloomer while very small.

ELIZABETH. Very double, pure white blooms with petals crinkled at end and, once in a great while, pure pink flowers of same form will appear. Leaves are very dark, thick, green. Strong grower. One of the best.

ENRICO BETTONI. Very fast grower. Flowers large, light pink, varying in form from semi-double to peony.

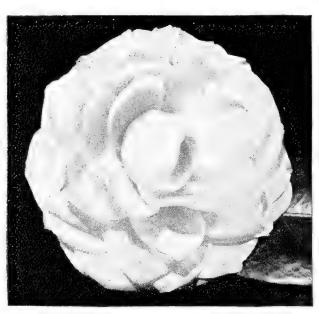
GLOIRE DE NANTES (Leana Superba). Large, semidouble, cerise bloom, with center petals often twisting. Extremely large, dark green leaves, and bold large flowers make this one of the most attractive on bush.

JARVIS RED. Deep blood-red, semi-double flowers with golden stamens. Very attractive among dark green foliage. One of the most popular kinds.



JARVIS RED

**KELLINGTONIA.** Flowers orange-red, with stripes or blotches of white, open peony type. Always blooms heavily and has extra-good foliage.



Mathotiana alba

MATHOTIANA ALBA. Good-sized, very double, white bloom with large light-colored leaves. Rather late in season.

MME. STREKALOFF. Large, double; light pink petals with numerous small stripes of crimson. Stiff, upright grower.

SEMI-DOUBLE BLUSH. Flowers of elegant shape, with light semi-double petals having identical color of Lady Humes Blush, and beautiful yellow stamens.

THERESA MOSSINE. Very narrow, pleasing shell-pink petals; unusually double. Small leaves. Very compact and upright grower.

T. K. VARIEGATED. Semi-double; light pink, with darker pink margin, somewhat like Criterion azalea; elegant form and coloring, with large cluster of yellow stamens. Small leaves. Compact, but fast grower. A dependable outdoor variety.

TRI-COLOR. Semi-double flowers of almost pure white to red and intermediate colors on same bush.

Priced Per 100 Prices of Class Bare-ro	oot B&B
6 to 8 in\$25 (	00
8 to 12 in	00
12 to 18 in., branched 50 (	00 \$75 00
18 to 24 in., branched, but without buds. 65 (	00 90 00
2 to 3 ft., branched, but without buds. 90	00 125 00
Priced Each	
18 to 24 in., specimen	\$2 75
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft., specimen	3 75
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft., specimen	5 00
3 to 4 ft., specimen	7 00
4 to 5 ft., specimen	9 50

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SARAH FROST

## CLASS C CAMELLIAS

This group is composed of the more common and easily grown double and semi-double-flowering kinds. As a class, they are very fast growers and hardier than the more choice sorts.

- LILY. Attractive, double, white flowers of medium size. Rapid growing, compact and symmetrical.
- ROSE EMRY. Crimson peony-form blooms of medium size early in season.
- SARAH FROST. This well-known favorite is a good compact grower and a profuse bloomer. The flowers are full double, of medium size, rose-red in color, and produced midseason to late. Very dependable.
- **STANDARD.** Full, double; pink, with white spots; imbricated. A compact symmetrical grower and blooms midseason to late.
- TANNER WILLIAMS RED. Semi-double; orange-red, with prominent stamens. Very compact grower and profuse bloomer.

We also offer at this class price several very good double and semi-double-flowering kinds, names of which are not known to us. We therefore offer them by color: Red, Pink, Variegated, and White.

5.4.5	Prices of Class C Camellias
Priced Per 100	Bare-root B&B
6 to 8 in	\$20 00
8 to 12 in	25 00
12 to 18 in., branched	40 00 \$60 00
18 to 24 in., branched, but without	ut buds. 55 00 80 00
2 to 3 ft., branched, but withou	it buds. 70 00 100 00
Priced Each	
18 to 24 in., specimen	\$2 25
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft., specimen	3 00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft., specimen	4 (00)
3 to 4 ft., specimen	5 5()
4 to 5 ft., specimen	8 00



## RARE CAMELLIAS

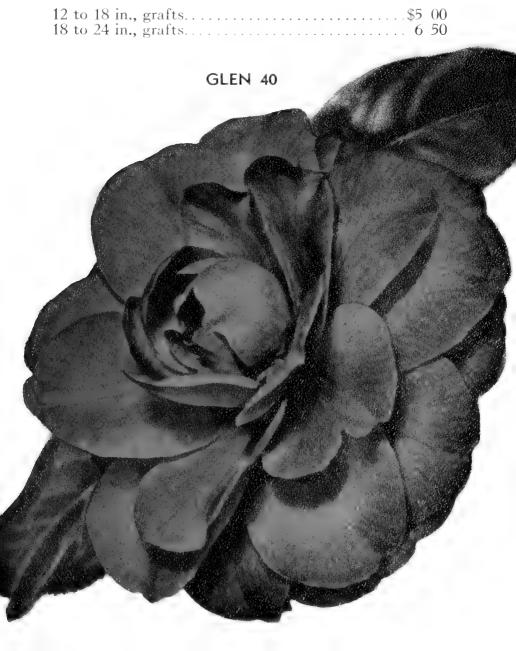
We offer a carefully selected list of choice and outstanding varieties of rare *Camellia japonica* in a wide range of colors and sizes. Many of them have already made Camellia history and others will do likewise as they become better known. They are offered in groups and priced according to individual merit.

#### **GROUP 1**

MAGNOLIÆFLORA. An extremely rare and valuable Camellia. The flowers are large, semi-double, with 12 to 14 large petals, deep rose-tinted at the base but fading to light blush near the tips.

to light blush near the tips.		
Priced Each	Bare-root	B&B
6 to 8 in	\$1 00	
8 to 10 in		
10 to 15 in	2 50	
12 to 18 in., branched	4 50	\$5 ()()
18 to 24 in., branched	7 00	7 50
24 to 30 in., branched		10 00
18 to 24 in., specimen		12 50
24 to 30 in., specimen		15 00
ADMIRAL NIMITZ. A recent introde promise. Foliage and habit of growth's Leaf, and the large, full double flowers shade of pink.  12 to 18 in., grafts.  18 to 24 in., grafts.  24 to 30 in., grafts.	similar to	Laurel autiful B&B .\$5 00 . 6 50 . 8 00
BESSIE MORSE BELLINGRATH. The mellia has been named in memory of wife of the founder of Bellingrath Gasemi-double, white with faint blush, delicate than Magnoliæflora. See illustrated to 18 in., grafts	the late bardens. F Color is ration, pag	Flowers more ge 53.

CHALICE (Hana-Fuki). Large, semi-double, delicate pink, with three rows of petals. The flower is more bell-shaped than Lady Clare and the color almost identical with Debutante. Imported by us a few years ago and has been enthusiastically acclaimed by all who have seen it.
12 to 18 in., grafts
DONCKELARI. Probably the most famous and best-liked of all the older Camellias. The flowers are large, semi-double, brick-red, flecked white, with attractive stamens in long crown. Very showy.  12 to 18 in., 1-yr. grafts.  15 00 18 to 24 in., 1-yr. grafts.  6 50
GLEN 40. This is one of the finest and most popular of all varieties. Large, deep red, very double and with numerous rounded petals. Beautiful and lasting.
12 to 18 in., 1-yr. grafts
HAKU-RAKUTEN. A very beautiful and out-of-the- ordinary Camellia. The flowers are large, semi-double to loose peony form, and pure white in color. A vigorous and symmetrical grower with smooth, attractive foliage.
12 to 18 in., grafts. \$5 00 18 to 24 in., grafts. 6 50 24 to 30 in., grafts. 8 00
<b>IWANE-SHIBORI.</b> Semi-double, cherry-red, mottled white, but with an occasional solid red flower. Conspicuous and beautiful. Rather slow, compact grower, with dark, glossy foliage.
12 to 18 in grafts \$5.00





SEPTEMBER MORN. Large, semi-double, white with faint blush of pink at base of the petals. Extremely early; usually in bloom here in late September.
12 to 18 in., grafts
<b>ST. ANDRE.</b> The flowers are large, peony type, blood-red and distinctive. Rich dark foliage. Very handsome.
12 to 18 in., grafts
VILLE DE NANTES. A very fine sport of Donckelari, having similar foliage, growth habits and coloring, but the petals are wavy and more irregular.
12 to 18 in., grafts
WOODVILLE RED (Martin Roberts; Kollock). Very large, brilliant red, peony type. Fast, upright grower with pale, almost drooping foliage.
12 to 18 in., grafts. \$5 00 18 to 24 in., grafts. 6 50 24 to 30 in., grafts. 8 00



LADY JANE GREY (Eugene Lize)



#### RARE CAMELLIAS, GROUP 2

- C. M. HOVEY (Mathotiana Rubra Variant). In habit of growth, and shape and form of flowers, it is very much like Purple Emperor, but the beautiful, double, large red flowers are mottled white.
- DAIKAGURA. Probably the earliest bloomer of all Camellia japonicas. In the Mobile section it is nearly always in bloom in September and often is showing color in August. Flowers large, thick peony type, deep rose color with large white blotches.
- DEBUTANTE (Sara C. Hastie). Delicate shade of solid pink; large peony form. A free bloomer and vigorous, upright grower. One of the best for cut-flowers.
- EMPEROR OF RUSSIA. A bushy and compact grower. The flowers are very large, brilliant scarlet and of peony form.
- GIGANTEA. Very large leaves and spreading branches. The red and white flowers are peony form and of good size.
- IMURA. Semi-double, snow-white with large petals and numerous yellow stamens. Midseason.
- LADY VAN SITTART, VARIEGATED. Identical in growth and habit to the well-known red variety, but the flowers are beautifully striped or marked with white.

#### SEMMES NURSERIES · Semmes, Alabama

**LAUREL LEAF.** Flowers large, full double, with numerous narrow petals having recurved edges and opening very flat; light salmon-rose, marbled white.

MARCHIONESS OF EXETER. Early. Large pink flowers of peony form, similar to Debutante, but a little deeper in color.

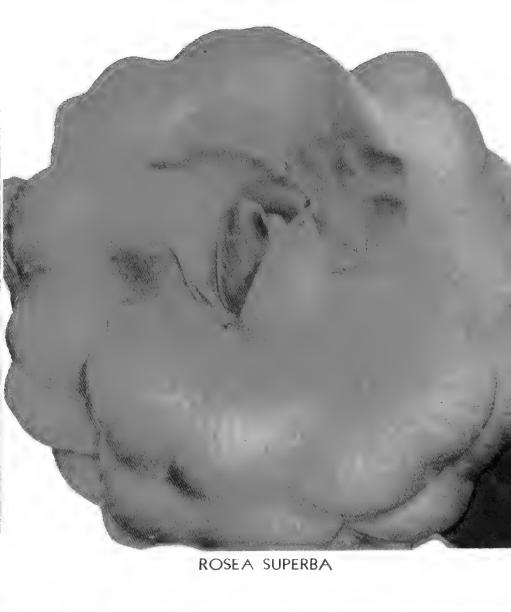
PURPLE EMPEROR (Mathotiana Rubra; Purple Dawn, etc.). One of the largest flowers of rose form. Deep red but as the flower gets older, outer edge turns purple.

**REV. JOHN BENNETT.** Very large, beautiful salmonpink flowers, blooming midseason to late. Semi-double.

Prices on Group 2: Priced Each	Bare-root	В&В
6 to 8 in	\$0 60	
8 to 10 in	75	
10 to 15 in		
12 to 18 in., branched	1 75	
18 to 24 in., branched	2 75	3 ()()
24 to 30 in., branched	4 5()	5 ()()
18 to 24 in., specimen		7 50
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft., specimen		10 00
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft., specimen		12 50



PURPLE EMPEROR









COLONEL FIREY

## RARE CAMELLIAS, GROUP 3

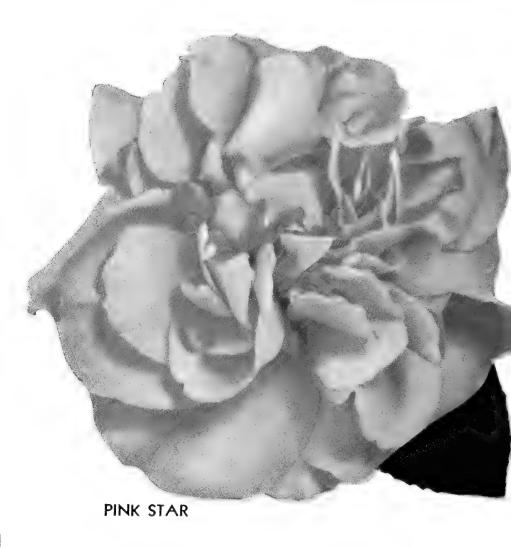
- CALIFORNIA KUMASAKA. A new sport of Kumasaka, characterized by much faster growth, larger flowers and very superior variegation. Midseason.
- COLONEL FIREY (Wm. S. Hastie). Very large, extremely double flowers, with many small petals of glowing rich crimson. A late bloomer.
- FANNY BOLLIS. Very large, semi-double, red flowers blotched white. See illustration on page 21.
- FRED SANDER. Flowers single, of medium size, crinkled petals, sometimes fimbriated. Otherwise, it resembles Tri-Color in both color and formation.
- GOSHOGURUMA. Good-sized, semi-double, deep red, velvety-textured flowers with yellow anthers, making a most attractive color combination. Upright grower.
- H. A. DOWNING. Semi-double, carmine-red, sometimes spotted white. Very hardy.

#### SEMMES NURSERIES · Semmes, Alabama

- **KIKUTOGI.** Fully imbricated, dark red, blotched and striped with white. Very early blooming (sometimes August).
- KIMBERLEY. The brilliant red, single flowers have very prominent red stamens instead of white ones like other Camellias. Upright grower. A collector's variety.
- KUMASAKA, VARIEGATED. Large, peony-form blooms of deep pink but with white spots.
- LADY CLARE (Empress; Grandiflora Rosea). Immense, single pink flowers. Probably the largest of all Camellias.
- LADY MARY CROMARTIE. Large, semi-double to loose peony form, deep rose-pink. Stamens interspersed among ruffled center petals.
- MONJISU (California Donckelari). Semi-double, mediumsized flowers of bright carmine with a satin-like sheen. Foliage small, dark green.
- MRS. CHARLES COBB. Large, semi-double, dark red (almost black), with rich golden stamens intermixed in petals. Fast, upright, symmetrical grower. Midseason.
- MRS. CHARLES SIMONS. Large, semi-double white with stamens intermixed. Compact, symmetrical, fast grower. Midseason.



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NAGASAKI (Mikenjaku; Candida Elegantissima). One of the most striking of all the Camellias. The very large, semi-double flowers, with prominent stamens, have thick, wavy petals, ranging in color from white to deep rose-pink. See illustration inside back cover.

**PEONIFLORA.** Variegated white with pink splashes and flecks. Full double peony form. Compact, upright grower; blooms late.

PINK BALL. Color identical with Pink Perfection, but flowers much larger, double, with pompon center. Very attractive and has handsome foliage.

PINK STAR. Semi-double to peony form. Pleasing rosepink, large round petals. Growth habit compact and upright. Attractive dark foliage. Midseason.

PURITY. Very double, symmetrical, pure white, starshaped flowers, occasionally with stamens. One of the best of all whites. Upright grower.

REV. JOHN G. DRAYTON. Medium-sized, peonytype flowers of soft clear pink. Entirely different from the variety known by this name on the Pacific Coast, which is clear white, and which is known in the southeastern United States as Grandiflora Alba and Alba Superba.

- ST. ELMO (Augusta Evans Wilson). Large, deep pink, thick, peony form. Upright grower with thick, shiny leaves. Very early.
- SGT. BARRIOS (Semi-Double Rosea). A fine new seed-ling which originated here in our nurseries. Compact and upright in habit, with immense semi-double, rosy red flowers. The fastest-growing Camellia we know.
- **SNOWDRIFT.** Beautiful form; large, semi-double; pure white.
- VICTOR EMMANUEL. Flowers very large, deep red, peony form, and of indescribable beauty. A splendid variety. Late.

Prices on Group 3: Priced Each	Bare-root	B& $B$
6 to 8 in	\$0 40	
8 to 10 in.,	50	
10 to 15 in	75	
12 to 18 in	1 00	\$1 25
18 to 24 in	1 75	2 00
24 to 30 in	2 50	3 00
18 to 24 in., specimen		5 00
2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft., specimen		7 50
$2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft., specimen	• •	10 00



VICTOR EMMANUEL



VIRGIN'S BLUSH

#### RARE CAMELLIAS—SPECIAL GROUP

We have the following varieties of fine Camellias, mostly in grafted plants, but the range of sizes and quantities available varies to such an extent that it is impractical to list and price these, except upon special request. We invite your inquiries and shall be glad to quote promptly on what we have available in these Camellias.

ALICE STOKES ANGEL'S BLUSH ARAJISHI (Early) BEAUTY BEAUTY OF HOLLAND BLACK DRAGON CHIYODA-NISHIKI (Princess Nagaskie) COLLETTI MACULATA DUCHESS OF SUTHERLAND DUNCAN BELL ELEANOR OF FAIROAKS FIREBRAND FIREBRAND VAR. FLAME FLORENCE STRATTON FRAGRANT STRIPED HERME SPORT FRENCH IMPERATOR GEN. PATTON GEN. WM. BRADFORD GOVERNOR EARL WARREN HIGH HAT KAGIKU KENNY GLEN

KING LEAR LA REINE VAR. LILA ROSA LETITIA SCHRAEDER MARGARET HIGDON MARION MITCHELL MARTHA BRICE MARY CHARLOTTE MORNING GLOW MRS. FREEMAN WEISS MRS. K. SAWADA PRISCILLA BROOKS (Magnolia Queen) QUEEN BESSIE RED HIBISCUS RICHARD LECHE ROYAL WHITE SWEETI VERA (Pink) TE DEUM (Firegold; Dr. Shepard) USU-BENI (SAS.) VEDRINE VIRGIN'S BLUSH WHITE EMPRESS WHITE GIANT WILLIAM PENN



Azalea Lath-house

## **AZALEAS**

Azaleas are, without doubt, the most beautiful flowering plants we have in the South. Their season of blooming is very long, beginning with winter-flowering Vittata Fortunei and extending into June when the pretty dwarf Macrantha is covered with its soft orangepink blossoms. All Azaleas are profuse bloomers, and in the spring each plant is a solid mass of color.

All types of Azaleas are easily grown, if a few rules are followed. They require a good, well-drained soil that has a slight acid reaction. The addition of leaf-mold, peat, and, in very heavy, stiff soil, a small quantity of sand, is always beneficial. Leaf-mold and peat help maintain an acid soil and a mulch of leaves is good to retain moisture and to furnish plant-food for the next year.

Partial shade is desirable in planting, but dense shade should be avoided. A lath-house is well suited for growing plants in nursery. They should be fertilized sparingly; a light application of cottonseed meal about three times a year is one of the best treatments.

Lining-out size Azaleas offered here were rooted last spring and planted in beds early in summer, giving plenty of space for full development of strong root systems and bushy tops, and are far superior to  $2\frac{1}{2}$ -inch potted plants, having roots enough to fill a 3-inch pot which has twice the capacity of a  $2\frac{1}{2}$ -inch pot. These small Azaleas are very tender and should be protected against frost this winter. We will be glad to book orders and reserve the plants until spring when danger of freezing is over.

Prices on all our Azaleas are based on shipping without using burlap about the roots. They can be safely shipped and transplanted in this way, and the saving in labor and material costs enables us to offer these plants at such reasonable prices.



Coral Bells, 10 to 12-in. size. See page 27

#### KURUME AZALEAS

This group, known botanically as Azalea obtusa japonica, includes varieties that are more dwarf in their habit of growth and not quite so hardy as the Hardy Japanese group, but all Kurumes will stand the winters of almost all sections of the Southern States without any protection, and much farther north with a little protection. Their popularity is increasing rapidly as they become better known, especially in the cooler sections of the country where the more tender Indicas are injured by cold. Used singly, or in groups by themselves, or in combination with Indicas or Hardy Japanese varieties, they give most pleasing landscape effects and a range of color that could not otherwise be obtained.

The demand for Kurume Azaleas as pot-plants from eastern and northern florists has been growing by leaps and bounds. When plants are received from us, all you have to do is to pot them in light peaty soil, keep in moderately warm houses, spray with strong force of water daily to keep down red spiders and they will come into full bloom in about 60 days. They are a very quick and profitable crop. We are now growing thousands of excellent Kurumes for florists' use, paying particular attention to the leading florists' varieties, such as Coral Bells, Salmon Beauty, Hinodegiri, and Snow.

APPLE BLOSSOM. Hose-in-hose pink flowers the color of apple blossoms.

BRIDESMAID. Big salmon-pink flowers borne in large clusters. Very good grower.

#### KURUME AZALEAS, continued

- **CHRISTMAS CHEER.** Compact grower with small shiny leaves. The flowers of deepest crimson are small but very attractive. One of the best varieties.
- CORAL BELLS. Compact grower with small, round, glossy leaves. The dainty, bell-shaped, pink flowers are not large but it is a very profuse bloomer and one of the most popular varieties with florists.
- **DOUBLE MAUVE.** Compact grower with delicate mauve hose-in-hose flowers, fading to white in center. Very nice for pot-plants.
- **HEXE** (Firefly). Slow, compact grower with showy, deep scarlet, hose-in-hose flowers.
- **HEXE DE SAFFALERE.** Improved type of Hexe. Large, crimson-red, hose-in-hose. Very compact; good foliage.
- HIAWATHA. Hose-in-hose; crimson-carmine. Dwarf and compact. Beautiful new addition to our list. Very late.
- **HINODEGIRI.** Slow, compact grower, but its fiery red flowers will literally smother the entire plant, even when they are very small, making it one of the most desirable pot-plants.
- **HINO-CRIMSON.** Similar to Hinodegiri. Very fast grower. Brilliant scarlet flowers. Hardy.
- HORTENSIA. Good-sized, soft pink, hose-in-hose flowers produced in large trusses. Medium height.
- **LAVENDER QUEEN.** Large, single, light lavender flowers with white stamens. Leaves large and dark.
- MAUVE BEAUTY. Flowers of a delicate mauve shade which literally cover the entire plant. Compact, dwarf grower.
- **PEACH BLOW.** One of the fastest-growing Kurumes. Medium-sized, single flowers of a delicate peach shade.
- PINK PEARL. Large, most beautiful pink blooms, shaded lighter toward center, with prominent markings, borne in large clusters.
- **SALMON BEAUTY.** Large, hose-in-hose, salmon-pink flowers and light green foliage.

For prices of Kurume Azaleas, see page 30



Salmon Beauty

Snow



Everyone in the Lower South is thoroughly familiar with the magnificent beauty of Azaleas in full bloom, but many growers in other sections have not realized that there are so many hardy varieties that can be successfully grown outdoors in their own states. New and hardy types of Azaleas are being developed each year, and soon



large plantings will be in evidence in many parts of the country not heretofore considered suited for these plants. The garden pictured above is located in New York State, and produces a wealth of color in early spring that would be almost impossible to obtain at any cost with any other plants.

#### KURUME AZALEAS, continued

- SALMON QUEEN. Large, single, salmon-pink flowers produced in great profusion in midseason. One of the most attractive Kurumes.
- SNOW. Good-sized, hose-in-hose flowers of purest white among beautiful glossy leaves. Liked by all.
- SUNSTAR. Medium-sized, single, dark rose-pink flowers are borne very profusely. Small, dark green leaves and medium height.
- SWEET BRIER. Compact grower, with leaves similar to Peach Blow. Its medium-sized, single pink flowers are very attractive. One of the hardiest Kurumes known.
- VIVID. The large hose-in-hose flowers are deep vivid red without any cast of purple, but similar to Hexe. Small leaves and a compact grower.

Prices of Kurume Azaleas:	Each	10	100
*4 to 6 in., bed-grown		\$1 10	\$10 00
4 to 6 in., compact; budded	\$0 45	4 00	35 00
6 to 8 in., with buds	60	5 50	50 00
8 to 10 in., with buds	70	6 50	60 00
10 to 12 in., with buds	95	9 00	85 00
12 to 18 in., with buds	1 25	12.00	110.00

\*Our 4 to 6-inch bed-grown Kurume and 6 to 8-inch bed-grown Indica Azaleas are recommended and sold to nurserymen and florists only for the purpose of lining out and growing on into larger sizes. They do not have flower-buds and are of no value for immediate effect.

We grow and sell thousands upon thousands of these small plants every year, and, due to our facilities for quantity production, customers find it cheaper and more satisfactory to purchase from us than to maintain a propagating department for their own needs.

Illustration below: 4 to 6-in. and 6 to 8-in. bed-grown Azaleas shown with 3-in. pot





AZALEA, Sweetheart Supreme

#### PERICAT AZALEAS

The Pericat group of Azaleas is relatively new to this section of the country, but we believe they will be extensively propagated and marketed in the future, for they have proved to be very satisfactory both for landscape work and for pot plants. These Azaleas are about as hardy as the Kurume varieties, and it has been found that they will grow and thrive in some sections, such as the southernmost part of Florida, where the Kurumes do not seem to do very well.

GARDENIA SUPREME. Flowers white, sometimes with blush in center. The formation of the bloom is like a small gardenia. Good foliage and a vigorous grower.

MADAM PERICAT. Hose-in-hose, light pink flower. Late bloomer and a fast grower; very showy.

PINK PERICAT SPORT. Identical to Madam Pericat, except that flowers are a soft, deep rose color.

MRS. FISCHER. Fast, open grower. Medium pink flowers. Very late.

SWEETHEART SUPREME. The medium-sized, blushpink, hose-in-hose flowers resemble a Sweetheart rose. An excellent grower of compact habit, with dark green foliage.

TWENTY GRAND. Good grower. Soft pink flowers. Extremely late.

Prices of Pericat Azaleas:	Each	10	100
*4 to 6 in., bed-grown	• •	\$1 10	\$10.00
4 to 6 in., compact; budded		4 00	35 00
6 to 8 in., with buds	60	5 50	50.00
8 to 10 in., with buds	70	6 50	60 00
10 to 12 in., with buds	95	9 00	85 00
12 to 18 in., with buds		12 00	110 00



AZALEA KAEMPFERI

#### HARDY JAPANESE AZALEAS

The following list of Hardy Japanese and Kaempferi Azaleas covers probably a larger collection of real money-making varieties for the nurserymen and florists of the southern half of the United States than any other group of plants. All of them are hardy, and all are evergreen except a few which lose their leaves in the New England States. The color-range is large—white, pink, salmon, orange, red, lilac, variegated—and the blooming season is an extended one. Some are early, some are late—each producing characteristic bloom of its own.

The whole country is tired of evergreens and common flowering shrubs alone. Everyone wants bright colors early in spring, and something different. What is better than this group of Hardy Evergreen Azaleas? Most nurserymen in this large section of the country do not realize how greatly their trade will be stimulated by offering this bright-flowering plant to their customers.

Azaleas under this heading are not dwarf like Hinodegiri or Kurumes, but are fairly fast growers, reaching an ultimate height of 10 to 12 feet, and are hardy in all parts of New Jersey and even farther north.

#### HARDY JAPANESE AZALEAS, continued

- **AMŒNA.** One of the hardiest, compact growers, with small leaves and rather small rosy purple hose-in-hose flowers. Can stand a great deal of neglect.
- **FLAME.** Bright orange-red flowers early in season. This is one of the best of this group. Very showy, with good foliage.
- HARDY FIREFLY. Compact-growing, very hardy Azalea, with good-sized single flowers of most brilliant fiery red. One of the very best.
- **HINOMAYO.** Fast-growing, upright branches are clothed with small, light-colored leaves. Soft pink flowers of a beautiful shade completely hide the plant. Blooms early.
- JUDD. A vigorous grower with large, hose-in-hose orange-colored flowers. Hardy. Midseason to late.
- KAEMPFERI. This Evergreen Azalea will lose its leaves farther north, where it can stand the winters of Boston without any protection, and does splendidly in the Lower South, making large plants. The big, single, red flowers are borne profusely rather late in season. Kaempferi Hybrids: Cleopatra, Fedora, Carmen, Othello.
- LILACINA (Akebono, meaning "dawn"). Delicate lilac shade of orchid—the color of the eastern sky at dawn. Strong grower with large leaves.
- MACRANTHA. Compact grower with roundish leaves and single, medium-sized, pink flowers late in season. Very hardy. Here in Mobile this variety usually blooms in May and June, thus extending the Azalea season.
- MACRANTHA, Orange-Red. Similar to above, with narrow leaves and orange-red flowers. Very good. Blooms late, at same time as the pink Macrantha.
- MACRANTHA, Double-flowering. One of the above type, with double pink flowers of good size. Late blooming; very hardy. This group of Macranthas is becoming more popular every year.
- **MAXWELLI.** Leaves and flowers are as large as most of the Indicas and the carmine-red, single flowers are big and very attractive.
- SHERWOODI. Beautiful orchid color. Hardy, profuse bloomer and a strong grower.
- **YAYEGIRI.** Fast grower with shiny narrow leaves and beautiful salmon-red hose-in-hose flowers in midseason. Very young and profuse bloomer.

Prices of Hardy Japanese Azaleas:			
Each	10	100	
6 to 8 in., bed-grown	\$1 10	\$10.00	
8 to 10 in., with buds\$0 40	3 50	30 00	
10 to 12 in., with buds 50	4 50	40 00	
12 to 18 in., with buds	6 50	60 00	
10 to 12 in., field-grown	7 50	60 00	
12 to 15 in., field-grown	10 00	90 00	
15 to 18 in., field-grown	15 00	125 00	
18 to 24 in., field-grown	20 00	175 00	

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#### AZALEA INDICA

The Indicas, which are fast growers with masses of large flowers, are especially adapted for landscape planting all along the Gulf Coast up the Atlantic seaboard to North Carolina. Around Mobile, Charleston, and some other sections, there are plants seventy to one hundred years old, with a spread from 20 to 30 feet across, apparently without any special care, showing they are perfectly at home and easy to grow. Nurserymen in this entire section have a wonderful opportunity to give lasting satisfaction to their customers, and incidentally enrich themselves, by planting extensive collections of these showy plants in their nurseries, because Azaleas will sell themselves when your customers see them in full bloom. We are listing the most important varieties, eliminating weaker growers or inferior flowers when the same color can be had in better varieties.

- BRILLIANT. A good grower with small, dark green leaves. Deep watermelon color, being intermediate between Pride of Mobile and Pride of Dorking. Very good variety.
- COCCINEA MAJOR. Brilliant orange-red. A little taller grower than Prince of Orange.
- CRITERION. Compact grower with flowers the color of strawberry ice cream, streaked with deeper pink and margin of white. Late bloomer and very attractive.
- DUC DE ROHAN. Compact grower with small leaves and a profusion of beautiful salmon-pink flowers. One of the best varieties for pot-culture.
- ELEGANS. Fast and rather upright grower, similar to Formosa, with light-colored pink flowers early in season.
- FIELDER'S WHITE. Large, pure white flowers early in season. A strong grower, free blooming, and one of the best whites.
- FORMOSA. Very fast grower with large dark leaves and big purplish pink flowers which have less purple than Phænicia.
- GEORGE FRANC. Early bloomer with extra-large salmon-pink flowers having deep red throats. Very showy.

#### AZALEA INDICA, continued

- GEORGE LINDLEY TABER. Soft lavender-pink, faintly streaked darker pink and mottled cerise. A rapid grower and resistant to cold. Midseason.
- GLORY OF SUNNINGHILL. Compact grower with shiny narrow leaves and vivid orange-red flowers. One of the latest to bloom.
- INDICA ALBA. Rather upright grower, with dull-colored, hairy leaves and pure white flowers in midseason. Very hardy.
- **IVERYANA.** Similar to Criterino, but has pink stripes on pure white instead of the pink ground of that variety.
- JUDGE SOLOMON. A sport of Formosa, having same foliage and habit of growth, but the blooms are almost identical to Pride of Mobile in color.
- **LADY EDITH.** Very similar to Criterion, with almost identical flowers but more glossy leaves. Blooms late.
- MME. DOMINIQUE. One of the largest Indicas, similar in color to Criterion, but of taller growth. Very compact and blooms almost as late as Macrantha. Exceptionally hardy.
- PHŒNICIA. Fast grower with medium-sized leaves and large purplish pink flowers. It will probably withstand more heat and sun than any other Azalea.
- PRESIDENT CLAY. Good grower with orange-red flowers in midseason.
- PRIDE OF DORKING. One of the deepest reds of the entire group. Blooms late in the season and, while not very hardy, is yet one of the best.
- **PRIDE OF MOBILE.** The best-selling and most popular of all the Indicas. A profuse bloomer with deep water-melon-pink flowers.
- PRINCE OF ORANGE. Spreading grower with deep orange-red flowers a little after midseason. Very nice.
- SALMON (Lawsal). Known locally as "Daphne Salmon." Midseason bloomer with pleasing salmon-colored medium-sized flowers. Very hardy.
- SOUTHERN CHARM. Apparently the same as Judge Solomon, but we are propagating and keeping these two varieties separate until tested further.
- **SUBLANCEOLATA.** Late. Tall, open-growing plant with large leaves. Flowers deep orange, very large and extremely showy.
- VIOLACEA RUBRA. Beautiful shade of wine-red color with dark green leaves.
- VITTATA FORTUNEI. Fast, upright grower, with palecolored leaves. White and lavender variegated and light lavender flowers intermixed. Starts blooming in fall and continues all winter and spring.
- WILLIAM BULL. Very hardy, upright grower which will not grow compact when small, but after a few years will assume a nice compact form. Very double orangered flowers which last a long time.

Prices of Azalea indica:	Each	10	100
6 to 8 in., bed-grown		\$1 10	\$10.00
8 to 10 in., with buds			
10 to 12 in., with buds	50	4 50	40 00
12 to 18 in., with buds	70	6 50	60 00
18 to 24 in., with buds	. 1 00	9 50	90 00
2 to 3 ft., with buds	. 1 65	16 00	150 00



The Azalea Trail,

Several American cities have the distinction of being identified with a particular flower that is widely planted and loved in the district. But perhaps no city is more famous for a certain plant than is Mobile for its Azaleas.

Azaleas were first brought to Mobile by an early French settler but it was not until 1929 that the Mobile Junior Chamber of Commerce organized the Azalea Trail and the citizens began a planting program that has brought most colorful results. Now each year thousands of visitors come to see the magnificent display. The Trail begins in the heart



PARK, MOBILE, ALABAMA

## Mobile, Alabama

of the city under spreading moss-covered oaks and sweeps westward along 17 miles of Mobile streets. A high point of the Trail is the breath-taking beauty of the famous Bellingrath Gardens, 20 miles south of the city. Here giant oaks form a setting for acres of Azaleas and Camellias, making this estate truly "The Charm Spot of the Deep South."

The Azalea Trail is conducted as a non-profit civic enterprise and everyone interested is invited to write to Mobile's Azalea Trail, Inc., P.O. Box 1489, Mobile 8, Ala., for dates when bloom is expected to be at its height.



CAMELLIA, SASANQUA ROSEA

#### CAMELLIA SASANQUA

One of the newer and finest of all the broad-leaved evergreens. Similar to Camellia japonica, but looser and faster growing. Very profuse bloomers, the flowers commencing to open the latter part of September and continuing on through November—a time when very few flowers can be had.

Sasanquas are very hardy and can be grown without protection in the latitude of Memphis, Tenn., Birmingham, Ala., Atlanta, Ga., Charlotte, N. C., and even much farther north along the Atlantic seaboard. They are extremely satisfactory in landscape work, as individual specimens, in foundation plantings, and for hedges, and their popularity is only just beginning. From many thousands of seedling plants, we have originated a few outstanding kinds which we offer in the following list, along with and at the same prices as for the named varieties.

ANNETTE (No. 5 Variegated). A two-toned variety, similar to Cinderella but more dense in growth and the flowers are a much deeper shade of pink.

CINDERELLA (No. 2 Variegated). Rather dense, rapid grower of pyramidal habit, with handsome, single, two-toned flowers which are white in center and shade to pink at the ends of the petals. Very early.

- CLEOPATRA. Large, beautiful cherry-red flowers, often double, and having crinkled petals. Foliage thick, dark and glossy. A vigorous and compact grower.
- MINE-NO-YUKI (Snow on the Mountain). The large, double, white flowers resemble a carnation and are borne in such profusion as to literally cover the entire plant. When young, it is a loose, open grower, but as it gets older it develops into a symmetrically round and compact specimen.
- **NEGISHEKO.** Flowers very large, single, deep pink and very showy. Strong, upright grower with dark glossy foliage.
- ROSEA. A graceful and upright grower with very large single flowers of brilliant pink.

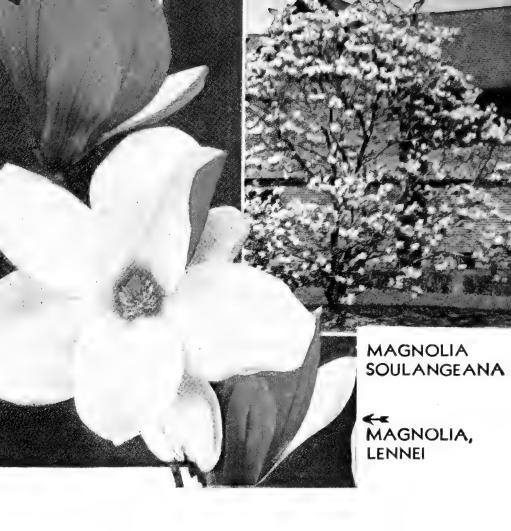
Prices of above Sasanquas:	Each	10	100
6 to 8 in., C.T		\$1 75	\$15 00
8 to 12 in., C.T		2 00	17 50
12 to 18 in., C.T		3 00	25 00
18 to 24 in., C.T		4 00	30 00
2 to 3 ft., B&B	82 00		

- DAWN (Akebono). Flowers large, single to semi-double, ivory-white changing to flesh-pink at the margin of the petals. Extremely hardy and blooms continue long after other Sasanquas are over. A fine new addition to our list.
- SETSUGEKKA. A new variety of great beauty and merit. The large, semi-double flowers are pure white, with just a touch of pink at the ends of the slightly ruffled petals. The plant is erect and compact in habit, with dark, handsome foliage. Very valuable.
- SHISHIFUKUJIN. Very strong, upright grower with fine foliage. Very large, soft pink bloom, sometimes double. An extremely fine landscape plant.

Prices of above three varieties: Each	10	100
6 to 8 in., C.T	\$3 00	\$25 00
8 to 12 in., C.T	3 50	30 00
12 to 18 in., C.T	4 00	35 00
18 to 24 in., C.T	6 00	50 00
2 to 3 ft., B&B\$2 50		
3 to 4 ft., B&B 3 50		

**BENI-KANTSUBAKI.** Dwarf, compact grower with good foliage. Deep rose-red to crimson, double flowers. Very profuse bloomer. One of the very best of all Sasanquas.

	E	ach
12 to 18 in., B&B, field-grown	. \$3	50
18 to 24 in., B&B, field-grown	. 5	00
2 to 3 ft., B&B, heavy, field-grown	. 7	50



#### ORIENTAL MAGNOLIAS

Some of the most beautiful flowering trees in the world belong to this group of deciduous Magnolias. Most of them are hardy in nearly all parts of the United States, and planting of these beautiful trees should be encouraged by nurserymen.

**ALBA SUPERBA.** Similar to Soulangeana with almost white flowers of larger size. Rounder leaves and a more upright grower.

PINK ALBA SUPERBA. Identical to the above in form and growth habit, but with deep pink flowers.

**ALEXANDRINA.** Flowers large, dark purplish pink outside and white inside. Very showy and desirable.

LENNEI. Leaves are much larger than Soulangeana. Cupshaped, larger, bold flowers, which open later than other Soulangeanas, deep reddish purple outside and white inside. Very choice.

LOMBARDY ROSE. Large flowers, lower surface of petals colored dark rose, upper surface white. A seedling of Lennei but faster growing and freer blooming, many of the blooms opening in midsummer.

RUSTICA RUBRA. Large, cup-shaped, dark reddish purple flowers, similar to Lennei, and with handsome seed-pods more than 6 inches long. It is a vigorous grower and especially desirable where a tall spreading Magnolia is wanted. Blooms later than Soulangeana.

<b>SOULANGEANA.</b> Small tree with large, 9-petal, pinking flowers before the leaves in the spring. One of the mobeautiful flowering trees.
--

Prices of pr	receding seven <b>M</b> agnolia	as: Each	10	100
12 to 18	in., C.T	.\$0 40	\$3 50	\$30 00
18 to 24	in., C.T	. 45	4 00	35 00
2 to 3	ft., B&B	. 2 00		
3 to 4	ft., B&B	. 3 00		
4 to 5	ft., B&B	. 4 00		
5 to 7	ft., B&B	. 5 00		

SMALL-FLOWERING SOULANGEANA. A miniature Soulangeana in growth habit and bloom. Very fine for the small home where space is limited and a small flowering shrub is needed.

**LILIFLORA** (M. obovata). Tulip-shaped, large, purplish pink flowers before leaves appear. Many stems from ground and makes a large bush.

NIGRA. Blooms later than Soulangeana and is darker in color.

Prices of above three Magnolias:	Each	10	100
12 to 18 in., C.T	\$0 35	\$3 00	\$25 00
18 to 24 in., C.T	40	3 50	30 00
2 to 3 ft., B&B	2 00		
3 to 4 ft., B&B	3 00		
4 to 5 ft., B&B	4 00		
5 to 7 ft., B&B	5 00		

GRACE McDADE (Large White). One of our seedlings. The flowers are very large, almost double the size of Soulangeana, and are white with pink at base of petals. Fast grower. One of the finest of all Magnolias.

	Each	10	100
2 yr., C.T	\$0.60	\$5 50	\$50 00
2 to 3 ft., B&B	3 00		
3 to 4 ft., B&B	4 50		
4 to 5 ft., B&B	6 00		
5 to 7 ft., B&B	8 50		

STELLATA. Star Magnolia. A dwarf grower, seldom reaching a height of more than 10 feet, and producing numerous delicate pinkish white waterlily-like flowers early in spring. One of the most beautiful of all.

	Each	10	100
2 yr., C.T	.\$0 40	\$3 50	\$30 00
2 to 3 ft., bushy, B&B	. 3 00		
3 to 4 ft., bushy, B&B	. 4 50		

CONSPICUA. One of the finest of all Magnolias. Rather slow grower with medium-sized flowers of rich old ivory color. A "must" for collectors.

1 to 2 ft., bare-root.....\$1 50



ABELIA GRANDIFLORA

#### BROAD-LEAVED EVERGREENS

Abbreviations: S., Seedling; C., Cutting; T., Transplanted; B&B, Balled and Burlapped; B.R., Bare-Root.

ABELIA grandiflora	1	0	100
12 to 18 in., B.R			
18 to 24 in., bushy, B.R	. 3	50	30 00
2 to 3 ft., bushy, B.R			
3 to 4 ft., bushy, B.R			

BERBERIS Thunbergi atropurpurea. Red-leaved Japanese Barberry. Leaves are dark bronze-red, making an excellent contrast with other green shrubs.

		10	100
6 to 8 in.,	C.T	\$0 75	\$6 50
	C.T		
	C.T		

BUXUS Harlandi. A beautiful new slow-growing compact Box, with long narrow light green leaves. Very desirable.

- B. japonica. Fairly fast-growing Box with light-colored roundish leaves. Does well in full sun.
- B. sempervirens. Slow-growing, compact Box with deep green, pointed leaves. There are several strains of this variety, but we offer the most compact-growing kind.

Prices of Buxus:	10	100
4 to 6 in., C.T	.80	85 \$7 50
6 to 8 in., C.T		
8 to 10 in., C.T		
8 to 12 in., B&B	. 7	$00 - 60 \cdot 00$
12 to 15 in., B&B	. 8	00 75 00

### SEMMES NURSERIES . Semmes, Alabama

CLEYERA japonica. An excellent, co medium-sized evergreen, with thick, glos turn red before falling. Creamy white spring. Our plants are cuttings grown specimens of exceptional merit.	ssy leav flowers	es which in late
6 to 8 in., C.T	.\$1 25	\$10 00
8 to 12 in., C.T	. 1 50	12 50
12 to 18 in., C.T	. 1 75	15 00
ELÆAGNUS pungens. Transplants easily either sun or shade.	y, doing	well in
E. pungens Fruitlandi. Fast-growing Elæa	gnus w	ith large
green leaves.	10	100
6 to 8 in., C.T	.\$1 25	\$10 00
8 to 12 in., C.T	. 1 50	12 50
12 to 18 in., C.T		15 00
E. pungens aureo-maculata. Highly color gation of the leaves will not fade in ful color all year round.	ed yello II sun, I 10	w varie- out hold 100
6 to 8 in., C.T	.\$1 50	\$12 50
8 to 12 in., C.T		
FEIJOA Sellowiana. Pineapple Guava. Coshrub with light green leaves of silven neath. Handsome purplish flowers in late about zero weather.	ry coloi spring,	under- Stands
6 to 8 in., S.T	\$0 85	\$7 50
8 to 12 in., S.T	1 25	10 00
18 to 24 in., B&B\$1 00		
2 to 3 ft., B&B 1 50		



Cleyera japonica



GARDENIA florida. Cape Jasmine. We offer excellent values in this popular flowering plant.G. Fortunei. Everblooming variety that is hardy. Has

dark shiny green foliage.

G., Mystery. Flowers are larger and more attractive than the ordinary Gardenia florida, and an excellent grower.

Prices of above varieties of Gardenias:

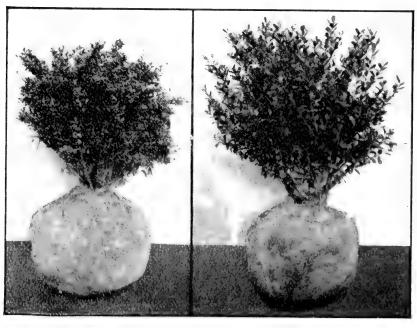
		10		100
6 to 8 in., C.T			85	\$7 50
8 to 12 in., C.T		1	25	10 00
12 to 18 in., C.T			50	12 50
18 to 24 in., B&B\$1	00			
2 to 3 ft., B&B	50			

Gardenia radicans. Dwarf-growing Cape Jasmine with small leaves and waxy white, fragrant flowers.

		10	100
4 to 6 in., C.T	 	4.0	100
6 to 8 in., C.T	 	8	5 7 50
8 to 12 in	 	1 2	5 10 00
10 to 12 in B&B		6.0	0 60 00

G. Veitchi. Winter-blooming Gardenia used extensively by florists. Our strain blooms almost continually. Can stand but a few degrees of frost.

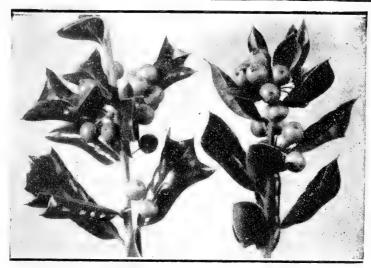
	10	100
6 to 8 in., 2½-in. pots	.\$1 75	\$15 00
8 to 10 in., 3-in. pots	. 2 00	17 50



Ilex crenata bullata

Ilex crenata rotundifolia

ILEX crenata bullata. An excellent new varie	tv with
leaves of high gloss and convex in center. Sl	low and
dwarf and ideally suited for rock-gardens. 10	100
6 to 8 in., C.T\$1 25	
8 to 12 in., C.T 1 50	13 50
12 to 18 in., C.T	17 50



Ilex cornuta femina

Ilex cornuta Burfordi

#### Ilex cornuta Burfordi.

I. cornuta femina. Showiest Holly in the South and perfectly at home from the Gulf Coast to New Jersey. Cuttings from bearing plants with highly glossy leaves. Some plants have regular Holly-shaped leaves with several spines, but some have entire shiny leaves with only one spine, and are known by some nurserymen as "Burfordi." We can offer both kinds at same price.

			100
$2\frac{1}{2}$ -in. pots, 1 yr	. \$1	50	\$12 50
$2\frac{1}{2}$ -in. pots, 2 yr	. 1	75	15 00
8 to 12 in., C.T	. 1	75	15 00

Ilex crenata microphylla. Ver	y small-leaved	type of
Crenata; used extensively.		100
4 to 6 in., C.T	\$1 25	\$10 00
6 to 8 in., C.T	1 50	12 50
8 to 12 in., C.T	1 75	15 00
12 to 18 in., C.T	2 00	17 50
I. crenata rotundifolia. Very hard	y Holly with blac	ck berries
and round, boxwood-like leaves		
	10	100
6 to 8 in., C.T	\$1 25	\$10 00
8 to 12 in., C.T	1 50	12 50
12 to 18 in., C.T	1 75	15 00
18 to 24 in., C.T	2 00	17 50
12 to 18 in., B&B, clipped.	1 00	



Ilex c. bullata Ilex opaca femina Ilex c. rotundifolia 8 to 12-in. Ilex



Ligustrum lucidum

JASMINUM primulinum. Primrose Jasmine. Very graceful, fast-growing, semi-erect evergreen with yellow flowers.  6 to 8 in., C.T.  80 75 \$6 50 8 to 12 in., C.T.  100 8 50
12 to 18 in., C.T
some native, broad-leaved evergreen tree with glossy foliage. May be pruned to any desired size or shape.
Fine for hedges.  18 to 24 in., B&B.  2 to 3 ft., B&B.  10  100  \$
LAURUS officinale. English Laurel. Medium-sized shrub doing well from Gulf Coast to Virginia. Large, dark
green leaves. 10 100 6 to 8 in., C.T. \$0 85 \$7 50 8 to 12 in., C.T. 1 00 8 50 12 to 18 in., C.T. 1 25 10 00
LOQUAT ( <i>Eriobotrya japonica</i> ). Hardy, small evergreen tree, with large leaves which are coated with thick, tiny, gray hair underneath. Clusters of fragrant white flowers followed by delicious yellow fruit of about plum size.
6 to 8 in., S. \$1 25 \$10 00 8 to 12 in., S. \$1 50 12 50 12 to 18 in., S. \$1 50 00



Ligustrum japonicum

LIGUSTRUM	coriaceum. Very	dwarf I	igustrun	ı with
	ck dark foliage ma	king it su	itable for	rock-
gardens.		Each	10	100
	C.T			
8 to 12 in.,	C.T		1 25	10 - 00
12 to 18 in.,	C.T		1 50	12 50
18 to 24 in.,	B&B	\$1 25		
2 to 3 ft	B&B	1 75		

Ligustrum ciliatum variegatum. Spreading shrub with round, variegated leaves.

- L. lucidum compactum. Well-known Wax Privet so extensively planted in last few years. There is hardly any other broad-leaved evergreen that has received greater attention by the public in recent years, but its use can still be increased. Our Wax Privets are well known to have exceptionally good color and texture of foliage and compactness of bush.
- L. lucidum pyramida is. Upright Privet. There are several types of Pyramidal form of Wax Privet, but ours has dark green foliage of roundish form; very thick and while decidedly upright in form, yet quite compact.
- L. lucidum repandum. Crinkle Privet. Rather upright and spreading, with waxy, crinkled, narrow leaves. Very graceful.

Prices of the four preceding Ligustrums:		
Each	10	100
4 to 6 in., strong rooted C	\$0 60	\$5 00
6 to 8 in., C.T	1 00	8 50
8 to 12 in., C.T	1 25	10 00
12 to 18 in., C.T. Beds	1 50	12 50
18 to 24 in., C.T. Beds	1 75	15 00
18 to 24 in., B&B\$1 00		
2 to 3 ft., B&B		
3 to 4 ft., B&B		



MAGNOLIA grandiflora. Bull Bay. Generally considered the South's finest evergreen tree. It is a native of the Southeastern United States and is hardy as far north as Washington, D. C.

10 100

- 0	to	8	ın.,	5			 			۰	۰				. \$1	- (	)()	\$8	50
8	to	12	in.,	S			 		٠						. 1	2	25	1()	()()
12	to	18	in.,	S			 ٠	٠							 1	5	60	12	50



Photinia glabra

Nandina domestica

NANDINA domestica. Well-known r		
plants. Our B&B plants have several ca	nes, with	berries
early in season. Each	10	100
4 to 6 in., S.T	\$0 85	\$8 00
6 to 8 in., S.T		10 00
8 to 12 in., S.T	1 50	12 00
18 to 24 in., B&B\$1 00	)	

- OSMANTHUS Fortunei. Tea-Olive. Hardy south of Washington, D. C. Beautiful holly-like leaves and fragrant white flowers in late fall. One of the best broadleaved evergreens.
- O. fragrans aurea. Yellow-flowering Sweet Olive. Similar to Sweet Olive, but a more profuse bloomer. Orange-colored flowers which are highly scented. Blooms only once in fall, however. Very new and rare plant.
- O. fragrans. Sweet Olive. Similar to above two kinds but blooms almost continuously all winter and is very fragrant. We have this year a splendid lot of lining-out plants to offer.

Prices of all Osmanthus:	10	100
6 to 8 in., C.T	.\$1 25	\$10 0 <b>0</b>
8 to 12 in., C.T	. 1 50	12 50

PHOTINIA glabra. A very handsome, hardy, evergreen shrub which will grow to a height of about 15 feet. The new foliage is wine colored and is very attractive among other evergreens during the growing season. Should be clipped often to induce more new growth.

					Lacn	10	
6	to	8	in.,	C.T	 ,	\$1 00	\$8 50
				C.T			$10 \ 00$
				C.T			12 50
18	to	24	in.,	B&B	\$1 00		
2	to	3	ft.,	B&B	. 1 25		

PITTOSPORUM Tobira. A splendid evergreen shrub with shiny dark green foliage. Can be pruned to any desired size or shape and does well in sun or shady places.

10 100

places.	10	100
6 to 8 in., C.T	\$0 85	\$7 50
8 to 12 in., C.T		
12 to 18 in., C.T		



PYRACANTHA FORMOSANA

- PYRACANTHA coccinea Lalandi. Winter-berried plants are getting more popular all the time, and especially Pyracanthas. This variety is very hardy and safe south of Philadelphia. Orange-colored berries after August.
- P. formosana. By far the showiest of all Pyracanthas, but is not very hardy, and unsafe north of Montgomery. Large clusters of bright red berries.
- **P. yunnanensis.** Spreading type with coral-red berries and quite hardy. Very popular.

Prices of all Pyracanthas:	1	.0	100	
6 to 8 in., C.T	\$1	00	\$8 5	0
8 to 12 in., C.T	1	25	$10^{\circ}0$	0
12 to 18 in., C.T	1	50	12 5	0
18 to 24 in CT	1	75	15.0	a

**VIBURNUM** macrophyllum. Small tree with large, very glossy leaves and clusters of white flowers.

V. odoratissimum. Similar to above, with more rounded leaves of lighter color and not glossy. Looks much like English laurel and is a fast grower.

Each	10	100
6 to 8 in., C.T	\$1 00	\$8 50
8 to 12 in., C.T		10 00
12 to 18 in., C.T	1 50	12 50
2 to 3 ft., B&B \$1 50		
3 to 4 ft., B&B		

- V. suspensum. Dwarf-growing, compact bush, with clusters of suspended white flowers in late fall.
- V. Tinus. Laurestinus. Compact-growing shrub with small, shiny leaves and clusters of pinkish white flowers at terminals of shoots during winter months.

	10	100
6 to 8 in., C.T	.\$1 00	\$8 50
8 to 12 in., C.T	. 1 25	10 00



PFITZER JUNIPER

#### **CONIFERS**

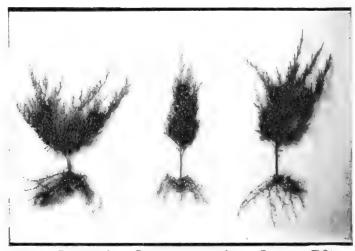
Abbreviations: S., Seedling; C., Cutting; T., Transplanted; B&B., Balled and Burlapped

CEDRUS Deodara.	10	100
6 to 8 in., S		
8 to 12 in., S.T	. 1 50	12 50

JUNIPERUS sylvestris. One of the best conifers in the South, with light green leaves of both scale-like and smooth types. Can withstand city conditions and is very hardy.

- J. chinensis Pfitzeriana. Our specimen Pfitzer Junipers are very shapely, spreading in four directions.
- J. communis. Column-type English Juniper of bluish hue, withstanding heat of southern sun and hardy in extreme North.
- J. Sabina, Von Ehron. Similar to Pfitzer Juniper but a little more upright and a fast grower. Excellent, newer addition.

Prices of above Junipers:	Each	10	100
6 to 8 in., C.T		\$1 00	\$8 50
8 to 12 in., C.T		1 25	10 00
12 to 18 in., C.T		1 50	12 50
12 to 18 in., B&B			
18 to 24 in., B&B	1 50		



Jun. c. Sargenti Jun. communis 8 to 12-in. Junipers

Jun. c. Pfitzeriana



Podocarpus

PODOCARPUS sinensis. Japanese Yew largest-leaved conifers with 2 to 3-inch inch wide. Looks almost like a broad-lea Can be pruned to any desired shape ar	i leaves aved eve id will	a half ergreen.
in either sun or dark shade.	10	100
4 to 6 in., S.T	.\$0 60	\$5 00
6 to 8 in., S.T	. 85	7 50
8 to 12 in., S.T		
12 to 18 in., S.T	. 1 25	10 00
RETINOSPORA ericoides. Fast and uprig feathery bluish foliage. Can be prun-	ht grow	ver with Royal
Italian shape.		100
6 to 8 in., C.T	.\$1 00	\$8 50
8 to 12 in., C.T	. 1 25	
12 to 18 in., C.T	. 1 50	12 50

## **DECIDUOUS PLANTS**

DECIDOO03 PLAINIS	
FLOWERING CHERRY. Visitors to our nurse early spring have been much impressed with a se of beautiful red-flowering Cherry tree which be brilliant and gorgeous mass of color at blooming This year, we can supply seedlings of it in the festives:  10 12 to 18 in., B.R	pecimen comes a ng time. ollowing 100 \$20 00 30 00
LAGERSTRŒMIA indica. Crape Myrtle. Wate         Red, Purple, and Pink.       10         12 to 18 in.       \$2 50         18 to 24 in.       3 50         2 to 3 ft.       4 50         3 to 4 ft.       6 50         4 to 5 ft.       9 00	\$20 00 30 00 40 00 55 00
MAGNOLIAS. See pages 40, 41.	
SPIRÆA Reevesiana       10         12 to 18 in.       \$3 00         18 to 24 in.       4 00	\$25 00 35 00
S. Thunbergi 18 to 24 in	25 00 35 00

#### MISCELLANEOUS PLANTS



Liriope Muscari variegata

LIRIOPE Muscari densiflora. Big Blue Liriope.	Similar
to Ophiopogon but with much broader and longe	er leaves
(about 12 inches) and larger spikes of blue	flowers.
Excellent for edging and porch-plants. 10	100
Medium clumps\$2 00	\$17 50

L. Muscari variegata, Variegated Big		
variegated form of Densiflora, having I	eaves bea	utifully
striped with creamy white. Pretty spik	es of blue	flowers
in July and August make these very a		
door or potted plants.	10	100
Medium clumps	\$2 00	\$17 50

OPHIOPOGON japonica.	Dragon's-Beard. A	very low,
grass-like evergreen with	spikes of purple flow	ers, doing
well either in dark shade	or in full sun. Very	valuable
as border plants and for s	ground-cover.	100
Small division		\$3 00
Large division		

ROSA Rouletti. Very dwarf form of Rose which is ever-
green in the Lower South, with small rose-pink flowers
almost continuously. Quite a novelty as pot or rock-
garden plants. All our plants have flower buds. 100
$2\frac{1}{2}$ -in. pot\$15 00
3-in. pot

#### HEMEROCALLIS . Day-Lily

Valuable and easily grown perennial plants, blooming abundantly in spring and summer. The large yellow flowers range in color from pale lemon to reddish orange and give a most pleasing contrast with broad-leaved evergreens.

Apricot. Semi-dwarf, with rich, deep yellow flowers. Very early.

Fulva. Flowers large and reddish orange in color. A tall grower and late bloomer.

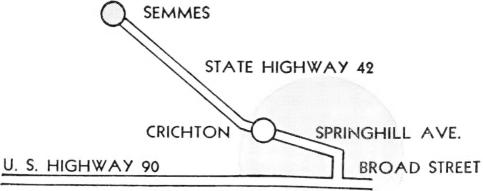
Kwanso. Large, double, orange-copper flowers, produced on long stems late in season.

Orangeman. Medium grower and free bloomer. The flowers are produced over a long period and are clear bright orange-yellow in color.

Sovereign. Dwarf to semi-dwarf, with clear light yellow flowers. Early.

Any of the	Hemerocallis:	10	100
Medium	divisions	.\$2 00	\$15 00





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